Patient and Healthcare Provider Perspective on the Disease Burden of Seborrheic Dermatitis in the United States: Results from a National Survey

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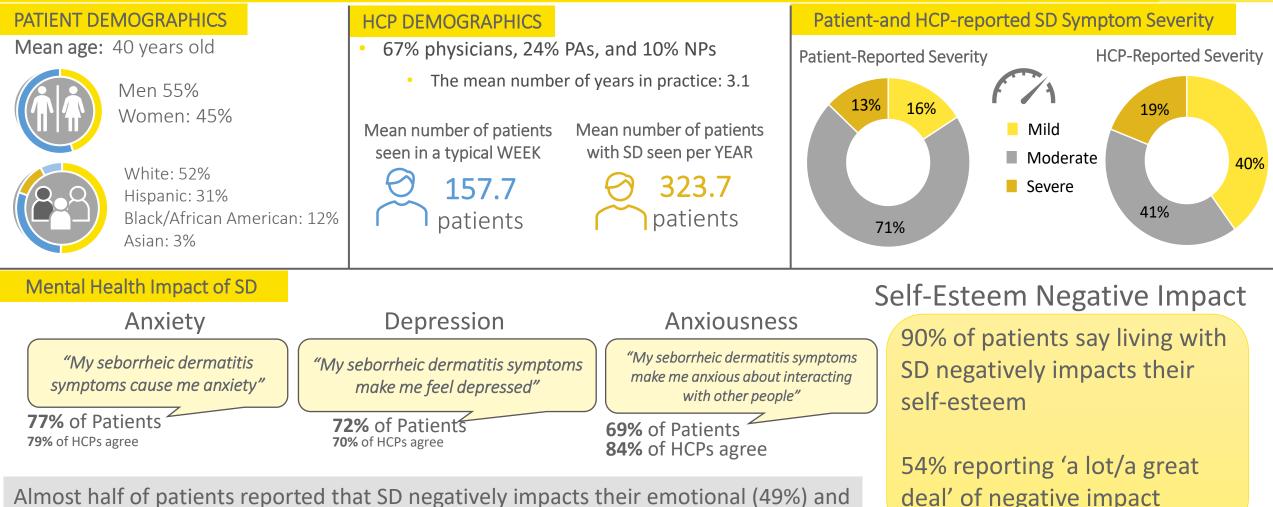
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Introduction and Methods

- Seborrheic dermatitis (SD) is a common chronic inflammatory skin disease with a worldwide prevalence of up to 5%¹
- While SD is common, the physical and emotion burden of SD have not been well characterized
- The authors developed an online survey, conducted by The Harris Poll, to gain deeper insight into experiences and attitudes towards the disease among patients with SD and dermatology healthcare providers (HCPs)
 - The patient survey was conducted online from December 2021 through January 2022 among US adults diagnosed with SD by an HCP
 - The HCP survey was conducted online from December 2021 through January 2022 among HCPs specializing in dermatology (including dermatologists, nurse practitioners [NPs], and physician assistants [PAs]) who see ≥1 patient per week and ≥1 patient with SD per year
- This poster reports patient and HCP perspectives on the physical and emotion burden of SD

¹Dessinioti C, Katsambas A. Clin Dermatol 2013;31:343–351.

Results



Almost half of patients reported that SD negatively impacts their emotional (49%) and physical (42%) well-being 'a lot/a great deal'

Patients: N=300; HCPs: N=601 HCP: healthcare provider

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Results

97% of HCPs agree

Social Life and Personal Relationships Negative Impact of SD on Personal Isolating **Hygiene Perceptions** Social life relationships 73% of patients said SD can be "My seborrheic dermatitis 13% 13% symptoms make people think isolating and 76% reported that 28% that I have poor hygiene" 31% other people around them did Embarrassment 77% of Patients not understand the negative "I feel embarrassed when people 31% 25% 88% of HCPs agree impact their SD symptoms have comment on my seborrheic 14% 19% dermatitis symptoms" on daily life 17% 9% 82% of Patients

A great deal

A lot

Some

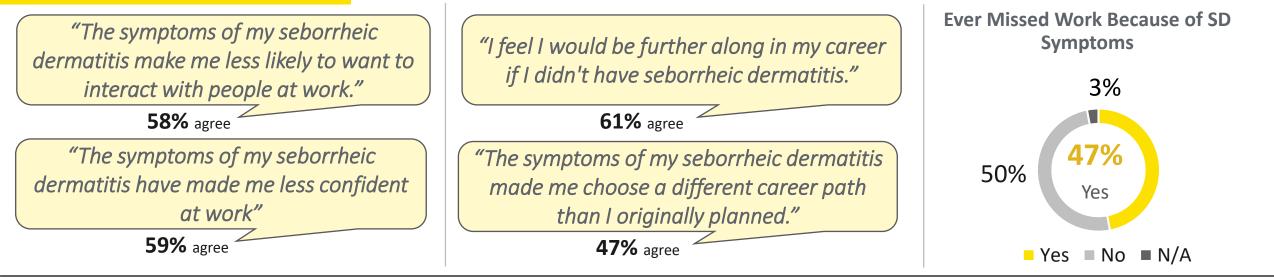
A little None Negative Impact on Day to Day Life 33% Ability to sleep -Patients reported that Social life -41% SD has 'a lot/a great Personal relationships -44% deal' of negative Day to day life -46% impact on several Clothing choices -47% aspects of their day-Daily hygiene routine -48% to-day life Physical appearance/feeling attractive -54% 20 60 80 0 40 100 Patients: N=300; HCPs: N=601 % Patients

HCP: healthcare provider

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Results and Conclusions

Patient-Reported SD Impact on Work



Conclusions

- While most patients described their SD as moderate to severe and having a significant impact on their quality of life, HCPs underestimated the patient-reported severity and level of impact on patients' quality of life
- Patients reported SD caused a considerable impact on their day-to-day life, self-esteem and multiple aspects of their mental health, causing anxiety and depression
- The majority of patients reported SD negatively impacted their ability to do their job, with almost half of patients having ever missed work due to SD symptoms
- These insights highlight the immense patient burden associated with SD, impacting patients' emotional, social, and work lives